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Material Safety Data Sheet Canthaxanthin 10% MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Canthaxanthin 10%

Catalog Codes: SLC5422

CAS#: Mixture.

RTECS: Not applicable.

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Corn oil; Ascorbyl palmitate;

Vitamin E; Sucrose; Starch Corn

CI#: Not available.

Synonym: Canthaxanthin 10% CWS/N

Chemical Name: Not applicable.

Chemical Formula: Not applicable.

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

Name	CAS#	% by Weight
Canthaxanthin	514-78-3	10
Corn oil	8001-30-7	5
Ascorbyl palmitate	137-66-6	5-10
Vitamin E	10191-41-0	3
Sucrose	57-50-1	20-35
Starch (Corn)	9005-25-8	15-30

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Canthaxanthin: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 10000 mg/kg [Mouse]. Canthaxanthin 10% ORAL (LD50): Acute: >20000 mg/kg [Rat] ORAL (LD 50): Acute: 4000 mg/kg [Mouse] ORAL (LD50): Acute: >10000 mg/kg [Rat] Ascorbyl palmitate: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 25000 mg/kg [Mouse]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >3000 mg/kg [Guinea pig]. Vitamin E LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH [Sucrose].

Classified A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH [Starch Corn].

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. [Vitamin E]. Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. [Sucrose].

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

The substance may be toxic to gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Serious Skin Contact: Not available.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Serious Inhalation: Not available.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: May be combustible at high temperature.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not available.

Flash Points: CLOSED CUP: Higher than 93.3°C (200°F).

Flammable Limits: Not available.

Products of Combustion: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Slightly flammable to flammable in presence of heat.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. Do not use water jet.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill:

Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements.

Large Spill:

Use a shovel to put the material into a convenient waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and allow to evacuate through the sanitary system. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep locked up.. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Empty containers pose a fire risk, evaporate the residue under a fume hood. Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, alkalis.

Storage:

Light Sensitive. Air Sensitive. Store in ligh-resistant containers. Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store above 15°C (59°F).

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

Sucrose

TWA: 15 (mg/m3) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] Inhalation Total.

TWA: 10 (mg/m3) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1999] Inhalation Total.

TWA: 10 (mg/m3) from NIOSH Inhalation Total.

TWA: 5 (mg/m3) from NIOSH Inhalation Respirable.

TWA: 5 (mg/m3) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] Inhalation Respirable.

Starch Corn

TWA: 10 (mg/m3) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1999] Inhalation Total.

TWA: 10 (mg/m3) [Canada] Inhalation Total.

TWA: 10 (mg/m3) from NIOSH Inhalation Total.

TWA: 5 (mg/m3) from NIOSH Inhalation Respirable.

TWA: 15 (mg/m3) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] Inhalation Total.

TWA: 5 (mg/m3) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] Inhalation Respirable.3Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid. (Powdered solid.)

Odor: Not available.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: Not applicable.

Color: Violet-Brown.

pH (1% soln/water): Not applicable.

Boiling Point: Not available.

Melting Point: 186°C (366.8°F) based on data for: Sucrose. Weighted average: 171°C (339.8°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 0.6 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.

Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties:

Is not dispersed in cold water, hot water.

See solubility in methanol, diethyl ether, acetone.

Solubility:

Soluble in acetone.

Partially soluble in methanol, diethyl ether.

Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Excess heat, incompatible materials

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, alkalis.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Also incompatible with oxygen and light

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

Acute oral toxicity (LD50): >4000 mg/kg [Mouse].

Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >3000 mg/kg [Guinea pig]. (Ascorbyl palmitate).

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH [Sucrose].

Classified A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH [Starch Corn].

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. [Vitamin E]. Mutagenic for bacteria and/or veast. [Sucrose].

May cause damage to the following organs: gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Hazardous in case of inhalation.

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: May cause adverse reproductive effects and birth defects based on animal data.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects:

Skin: May cause skin irritation.

Eyes: May cause eye irritation.

Inhalation: May affect respiratatory tract (irritation, difficulty breathing, coughing, wheezing, and possibly

respiratory arrest.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting, diaarrhea, constipation, cramps, loss of

appetite. May affect behavior

Chronic Potential Health Effects: no information found.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and **COD**: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: Not a DOT controlled material (United States).

Identification: Not applicable.

Special Provisions for Transport: Not applicable.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Corn oil; Sucrose; Starch Corn

Pennsylvania RTK: Corn oil; Sucrose; Starch Corn

Minnesota: Sucrose; Starch Corn

Massachusetts RTK: Sucrose; Starch Corn

TSCA 8(b) inventory: Corn oil; Ascorbyl palmitate; Vitamin E; Sucrose; Starch Corn

Other Regulations: Not available. or of its ingredients

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada): Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

DSCL (EEC):

R36- Irritating to eyes.

R40- Possible risks of irreversible

effects.

S2- Keep out of the reach of children.

S36/37- Wear suitable protective clothing and

gloves.

\$46- If swallowed, seek medical advice

immediately and show this container or label.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 1

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: E

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 0

Flammability: 1

Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves.

Lab coat.

Dust respirator. Be sure to use an

approved/certified respirator or

equivalent.

Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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